Reminder

President Carter has asked every American to lower the heat in all homes & buildings to no more than 18 degrees C (65 degrees F) during the day & to reduce heat even more at night. The President said: "This single step, if carried out by all people, can eliminate half the current shortage of natural gas & put thousands of Americans back to work." He added: "... [T] his is not a temporary request for conservation. Our energy problems will not be over next year or the year after. Further sacrifices... may well be necessary."

Gas furnaces

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) has denied a petition to develop mandatory safety standards for gas furnaces & gas conversion furnaces to reduce the hazard of carbon monoxide fumes.

CPSC says a device that will shut off gas appliances when abnormal amounts of carbon monoxide are present is not practicable or economically feasible. At the same time, however, CPSC hopes that industry will undertake research & development that would lead to an inexpensive and reliable carbon monoxide detector.

On July 7, 1976, Michael Smith of Elkgrove Village, IL, wrote CPSC requesting a standard that would keep carbon monoxide fumes out of a residence in the event of a furnace failure that might occur as a result of improper burner adjustment, improper installation, a collapsed chimney or malfunction of the furnace. Smith suggested that the requested standard should include a requirement for a device to warn residents that they are being exposed to carbon monoxide.

On the basis of information available to CPSC, it appears that the majority of carbon monoxide poisoning cases connected with gas furnaces may result from improperly installed or maintained furnaces or damaged or blocked vents.

S-p-r-e-a-d-i-n-g the word

President Carter or Vice President Mondale is expected to speak at 12:30 p.m. Feb. 11 at Consumer Federation of America's Consumer Assembly '77. Others invited to address the assembly are Agriculture Secretary Bergland, Transportation Secretary Adams, President's Energy Advisor Schlesinger, Treasury Secretary Blumenthal & Senator Hollings. In addition to speeches, there will be 9 workshops. Assembly will be Feb. 9-11 at the Statler Hilton Hotel in Washington, DC. For registration information, contact Consumer Federation of America, 1012 14th St. NW, Washington, DC 20005; phone: 202-737-3732.

consumer news

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE
Office of Consumer Affairs

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Agriculture names consumer committee

Seventeen persons have been named to serve on Agriculture Dept.'s new National Consumer Advisory Committee to advise Agriculture on (1) consumer policy, (2) effectiveness of Agriculture's efforts to consider consumer viewpoints in making policy changes, (3) consumer problems & (4) means by which consumer needs can be met by Agriculture. Committee was established by Agriculture's Consumer Representation Plan on Sept. 28, 1976 [CONSUMER REGISTER: Oct. 15, 1976, & Dec. 1, 1975]. It will be in effect for 2 years & will meet twice a year. It will report to the Secretary through an Assistant Secretary.

Committee members are: Mercedes A. Bates of Minneapolis, MN; Hassell G. Bradley of Littleton, CO; Zoe Coulson of New York, NY; Treesa W. Drury of Tujunga, CA; Naomi Faison of Summit, NJ; Solomon Harge of Cleveland, OH; Laura L. Heuser of Hartford, MN;

Dean H. Hill of Chevy Chase, MD; Mary Kittel of Fort Worth, TX; Sylvia Lane of Davis, CA; Michael Marge of Syracuse, NY; Beatrice G. Marks of San Francisco, CA; Mary Ellen McFarland of St.Paul, MN; Currin V. Shields of Tucson, AZ; Rosalyn L. Schoonmaker of Wallkill, NY; James S. Turner of Washington, DC; Jane Wyatt of Salem, OR.

To contact the committee, contact Special Assistant to the Secretary of Agriculture for Consumer Affairs, Agriculture Dept., Washington, DC 20250; phone 202-447-3165.

Supreme Court says

CONSUMER NEWS has learned that certain information in the "Supreme Court says" article in the Jan. 15 issue, was inaccurate. The corrected article is as follows:

Supreme Court has upheld a provision of the Social Security Act that pertains to "wife's insurance benefits." This provision grants "wife's insurance benefits" to a married woman under age 62 who is responsible for a dependent child when her husband retires or becomes disabled. Court ruled that this same provision is indeed legal in denying such "wife's insurance benefits" to a divorced woman under age 62 with a dependent child when her ex-husband retires or becomes disabled. A divorced woman in Illinois challenged this Social Security provision on the grounds that the disparity in treatment between married & divorced women violated her equal rights protection under the due process clause of the US Constitution.

This ruling does not affect the right of dependent children to receive "child's insurance benefits" when such children otherwise satisfy existing legal requirements. Under the Social Security law, a divorced woman is entitled to "wife's insurance benefits" when her ex-husband retires or becomes disabled if she is 62 years of age or older & was married for 20 years before the effective date of the divorce.

(Persons with particular questions about this or a similar situation involving a divorced woman should contact a local **Social Security** office.)

Complaint handling

On Jan. 17 Office of Consumer Affairs (OCA) released the findings of Phase II of an independent study of consumer complaint-handling mechanisms of 7 Federal agencies involved in providing goods, services &/or benefits to consumers. Agencies are Veterans Administration, National Park Service, Social Security Administration, Social & Rehabilitation Service, Office of Education, Manpower Administration & Public Health Service.

This study, conducted by Technical and Research Programs Inc. (TARP) under contract for OCA, also reports the results of a survey of American consumers' experiences with consumer complaints. Of greatest significance was the finding that a majority of the consumers who had a problem during the survey period did not have their problem resolved by one of the 7 Federal agencies in a satisfactory manner. Because of this finding, OCA will recommend improvements in the complaint-handling mechanism of each agency.

Phase I of the study, which was released in June 1975, evaluated complaint-handling performances of 15 Federal agencies that deal with consumers in the marketplace (such as Food & Drug Administration, Consumer Product Safety Commission & Civil Aeronautics Board).

Phases III & IV of the study are scheduled for completion later this year. They will review complaint-handling mechanisms of state & local governments, business organizations, voluntary groups & Federal Government field offices.

For a summary of the new study, contact TARP, Office of Consumer Affairs, Washington, DC 20201; phone 202-245-6975. OCA plans to have copies of the complete report available in the spring.

Land refunds

Certain consumers who bought land in 3 developments since Jan. 1, 1972, will share \$4 million in refunds from Great Western United Corp., which allegedly misrepresented the value of land in its developments: California City, CA; Colorado City, CO; & Cochiti Lake, NM.

Refunds are part of a Federal Trade Commission (FTC) consent order against the developer. Consent order also requires the company to spend \$16 million over the next 10 years to build roads, provide gas & sewage facilities & construct recreational facilities & other buildings in the developments. Also, the company has agreed to pay the costs of arbitration for any future disputes with consumers.

Great Western United has to pay the US Treasury a civil penalty of \$50,000. Penalty & other parts of the consent order are m result of alleged violations of a 1972 consent order.

A primer to help you understand coffee prices

It will not change coffee prices or help your budget, but the following CONSUMER NEWS report on coffee production—past & future—may give you some information to toss at friends over a cup of tea:

Coffee has a long history as a boom-or-bust commodity. The 1950's were characterized by high prices & vast new plantings; the 1960's by low prices, massive carryover stocks & a curtailment of new plantings. The 1970's have seen a generally rising price level & a resumption of new plantings on a substantial scale, particularly in Brazil & other Latin American countries. New techniques of plantings, which permit greater mechanization & use of increased amounts of fertilizer, have contributed to the general upward trend of world coffee production. This trend is demonstrated by the fact that world production during 1970-75 was up nearly 10 million bags per year, compared with the preceding 5-year period. About half of this increase in production occurred in Brazil, thereby setting the stage for another cycle of overproduction & depressed prices. Prices had begun to respond by declining from mid-1974 to early July 1975, when the price dropped to 60¢ per pound (unroasted beans). On July 17 & 18, 1975, a frost struck Brazil's major coffee producing states of Sao Paulo, Parana & Minas Gerais. Thereafter, prices immediately began to rise.

It appears from the best available information that the 1976–1977 crop of Brazilian coffee will be greatly reduced. Brazilian estimates place total production at 5 to 6.5 million bags, while US experts estimate 9 to 10.5 million bags. Moreover, Brazil's 1977–1978 crop will also be significantly less than normal, since the hundreds of millions of trees, which were saved by pruning, will need more than a year to recuperate. Given the 3 to 4 years growing period of newly planted trees, it appears unlikely that Brazilian production potential will be restored to its pre-frost level prior to 1979.

Forecasts made by US **Agriculture Dept.** place the 1976–1977 coffee harvests for Mexico, Central America & the Caribbean at 5% above the record crop of 1974–1975. Costa Rica crop is estimated to be 200,000 bags greater than the 1975–1976 crop of 1.3 million bags. El Salvador's 1976–1977 crop will equal the record 3.3 million bags of this year. Guatemala will increase its production 23% to 2.6 million bags in 1976–1977. Production increases are also expected in Honduras, Mexico & Nicaragua.

In Africa, an increase in production of Ivory Coast coffee will be the principal reason for an overall increase in African coffee production in the 1976–1977 crop year.

In Asia, India's 1976–1977 crop should exceed the 1975–1976 crop by nearly 20%, despite the effects of the lack of rain. The Phillipines will produce more coffee than its 1975–1976 crop.

Generally speaking, it appears that coffee producing countries, with the exception of Brazil, will produce at least as much coffee, or more, than was produced in 1975–1976. Given these anticipated increases in production, it does not appear that critical coffee shortages will occur next year—even with the Brazilian shortfall of 10 million bags—unless the stocks on reserve throughout the world are depleted by speculation buying.

CBs in Mexico

In a change in policy, Mexico, according to US State Dept., is now allowing US citizens to drive into Mexico with a car CB radio. Previously, Mexican border authorities either removed CB radios from cars or sealed them to make them inoperative [Consumer News: June 15 & Aug. 15, 1976]. State says US citizens still cannot use CBs in Mexico without a license from the Mexican government, which, however, does not issue CB licenses to foreigners.

Federal offices converting to metric system

Federal Government has become actively involved in metric conversion. A number of agencies have announced metrication plans & proposals. For instance, **Environmental Protection Agency** (EPA) has issued a report that recommends a 3-phase "plan of attack" to usher in the general use of the metric system. Report calls for EPA to (1) promote agency awareness of the metric system & persuade employees of its usefulness & inevitability: (2) develop specific conversion policies & draft the necessary orders; (3) carry out the conversion within a detailed & flexible time schedule.

To facilitate conversion, **Interstate Commerce Commission** (ICC) now permits truck, train & bus companies to file rates & reports that include metric units of measurement in place of customary units. Reports submitted to ICC must contain easily understood conversion tables that explain standards & methods used for conversion.

Many other agencies now permit reports, specifications & other documents & information to contain both customary & metric units wherever practicable. Other agencies have appointed task forces or designated individuals to coordinate or oversee interdepartmental metric activities. Below is a list of metric coordination officials in the Federal Government.

Agriculture Dent.

Robert A. Owen Foreign Agriculture Service Washington, DC 20250 202-447-5531

Central Intelligence Agency Leo, W. Sweeney

Leo. W. Sweeney Office of Economic Research Washington, DC 20505 202-351-5208

Civil Aeronautics Board

Dr. Samuel L. Brown Bureau of Accounting & Statistics Washington, DC 20428 202-673-5148

Commission of Fine Arts Charles H. Atherton 707 Jackson Place NW Washington, DC 20006

202-343-5324 Commodity Futures Trading

Commission Richard C. Garner Office of Management & Finance Washington, DC 20581

202-254-6599 Community Services

Administration Alan O. Mann Office of Administration Washington, DC 20506 202-254-5330

Consumer Product Safety

Commission James J. Price Bureau of Engineering Sciences 5401 Westbard Ave. Bethesda, MD 20207 301-492-6524 Defense Dept.

Donald R. Mitchell Defense Materiel Specifications & Standards Office Alexandria, VA 22314 703-274-6337

Energy Research & Development Administration

Eldon P. Nowstrup Division of Safety, Standards & Compliance Washington, DC 20545 202-353-3131

Environmental Protection

Agency John A. Alter Management & Organization Division Washington, DC 20460 202-755-0855

Export-Import Bank of the US Albert H. Hamilton Washington, DC 20571 202-382-2179 Farm Credit Administration Paul C. Redmer Administrative Division Washington, DC 20578 202-755-2150

Federal Communications Commission Ronald S. Stone Office of the Chief Engineer Washington, DC 20554 202-632-2080

Federal Energy Administration Thomas R. Daugherty National Energy Information Center

Center Washington, DC 20461 202-961-8695

Federal Maritime Commission Andrew H. Weissler Bureau of Industry Economics

Washington, DC 20573 202-523-5865

Federal Power Commission Walter S. Lusby Chief Engineer Washington, DC 20426 202-275-4822

Federal Reserve System John M. Denkler Staff Director for Management Washington, DC 20551 202-453-3764

Federal Trade Commission Robert H. Jones Administrative Services Division Washington, DC 20580 202-523-3699

General Services Administration Grant E. Beattie Federal Supply Service Washington, DC 20406 202-557-0506

Government Printing Office Joseph A. Palank Director of Engineering Washington, DC 20401 202-275-2402

Housing & Urban Development Dept. Arthur S. Newburg

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Research & Demonstration Washington, DC 20410 202-755-5561

Interior Dept. Hollis B. Vail Office of Management Consulting Washington, DC 20240 202-343-7544 International Trade Commission Robert A. Cornell Office of Trade & Industry Washington, DC 20436 202-523-0405

Interstate Commerce Commission Martin E. Foley Bureau of Traffic Washington, DC 20423 202-275-7348 Justice Dept.

Thompson S. Crockett Office of Management & Finance Washington, DC 20530 202-739-2341

Labor Dept.
Bruce Millen
Office of the Assistant Secretary
for Policy, Evaluation &
Research
Washington, DC 20510
202-523-6049

Library of Congress Floyd D. Hedrick Procurement & Supply Division Washington, DC 20541 202-426-5180

National Aeronautics & Space Administration Peppino N. Vlannes Scientific & Technical Information Office

Washington, DC 20546 202-755-3551

National Labor Relations Board Paul E. Long Acting Director of Administration Washington, DC 20570 202-254-9200

Nuclear Regulatory Commission Laurids Porse Office of Standards Development Washington, DC 20555

202-443-6927
Office of Education
Dr. Floyd Davis
Metric Education Program

Washington, DC 20202 202-245-3352 Postal Service John J. Wise

Research & Development Department 1171 Parklawn Dr. Rockville, MD 20852 301-443-6019

Securities & Exchange Commission Richard J. Kanyan Office of Administrative Services Washington, DC 20549 202-755-1324 Small Business Administration Robert J. Moffitt Office of Procurement Assistance Washington, DC 20416 202-653-6637

Smithsonian Institution
Phillip K. Reiss
Facilities Planning & Engineering
Services
955 Linfant Plans

955 L'Enfant Plaza Washington, DC 20024 202-381-6333

State Dept. Michael H. Goldman Office of Special Trade Activities & Commercial Treaties Division Washington, DC 20520

202-632-0641 Transportation Dept. Robert L. Paullin Office of the Secretary Washington, DC 20590 202-426-4224

Treasury Dept. Robert R. Fredlund Director of Administrative Programs Washington, DC 20220

202-964-2881 US Information Agency Robert P. Walker Management Analyst Washington, DC 20547 202-632-6680

Veterans Administration Robert W. Poe Department of Medicine & Surgery Washington, DC 20420 202-389-2247

Metric reference

American National Metric Council (ANMC) has published a pamphlet for consumers on the metric system. A Metric Reference for Consumers covers a number of metric related issues, such as packaging, pricing & consumer impact. It reviews the history of metric, US involvement in metrication & legislation. Booklet also contains a glossary of metric terms. Single copies are available free from the American National Metric Council, 1625 Massachusetts Ave. Washington, DC 20036; phone: 202-232-4545. Contact ANMC for quantity rates.

Recalls

• TIRES—Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Akron, OH 44316, announces recall of 500 tires produced during latter part of week of Oct. 31, 1976 (date code 446), & early part of week of Nov. 7, 1976 (date code 456). Defective material used in these tires may cause an impact break in some of the tires, resulting in sudden loss of air & vehicle crash without warning. Tires are identified as follows: 10.00-20 Load Range F Super Hi-Miler Nylon tubetype tires carrying serial numbers MJ2JCTA446 & MJ2JCTA456; 10.00-22 Load Range F Hi-Miler Xtra Grip Nylon tubetype tires carrying serial numbers MJ27D8A446 & MJ27D8A456. What to do: get in touch with your local Goodyear dealer for free replacement & mounting.

• FIRE EXTINGUISHERS-Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) announces another recall of 1970 model FE18UL fire extinguishers manufactured by Bernzomatic Corp., 740 Driving Park Ave., Rochester, NY 14613. Foam extinguisher container is red with white lettering & measures 73 millimeters (2% inches) in diameter & 190 millimeters (7½ inches) in height. Extinguishers, which cost about \$2.49, were sold in variety & chain stores throughout the US during 1970 & 1971, but mainly in the northeast part of the country. Reason for recall: Solution inside container corrodes, which may cause extinguisher to rupture & explode. (Company has changed formula of the solution, & corrosion is no longer a problem.) Company urges anyone owning a 1970 foam fire extinguisher to discharge contents before returning it to company (address above) for no charge replacement.

Calendar

Federal Register

Office of the Federal Register (OFR) announces 6 separate workshops in Los Angeles & San Francisco on "The Federal Register—What It Is & How To Use It." Each workshop session is identical:

Los Angeles-9:30 a.m. Feb. 23, 24 & 25 Room 8544, Federal Bldg. 300 N. Los Angeles St.

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Reservations are required for each session. To reserve, call Cornelia Born; phone: 213-688-3210.

San Francisco-9:30 a.m. March 1, 2 & 3 Room 2575, Tishman Bldg. 525 Market St.

1977

To reserve, call Velma Anlew; phone: 415-556-2786.

Details—Federal Register: Jan. 21, page 3908.

New Federal Publications

How to Talk to Your Teenager About Drinking & Driving, published by National Highway Traffic Safety Administration in cooperation with the National Congress of Parents & Teachers. Free from Consumer Information Center, Dept. 515E, Pueblo, CO 81009.

1977 Gas Mileage Guide, published by Environmental Protection Agency & Federal Energy Administration. Free from Consumer Information Center, Dept. 632E, Pueblo, CO 81009. For free special edition for California, write to Consumer Information Center, Dept. 633E, Pueblo, CO 81009.

A Guide to Budgeting for the Family, published by Agriculture Dept. 35¢ from Consumer Information Center, Dept. 81E, Pueblo, CO 81009.

Solar Energy & Your Home, published by Housing & Urban Development Dept. Free from Consumer Information Center, Dept. 646E, Pueblo, CO 81009.

How To Avoid Pyramid & Ponzi Schemes, published by Securities & Exchange Commission. Free from Consumer Information Center, Dept. 600E, Pueblo, CO 81009.

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